

# THE BELEN NEWS

VOLUME IV

BELEN, NEW MEXICO, NOVEMBER 9 1916.

NUMBER 50

## GOVERNATORIAL CONTEST STILL UNKNOWN.

### REPUBLICAN PARTY SURE OF VICTORY.

It is not possible yet to know accurately who was elected governor of New Mexico, either Bursum or de Baca, but the public sentiment, the desire of the whole State, the aim of the republican party have the presentiment that Bursum has been successful. It must be so, it is necessary it may be. The needs of the State utterly claims that a strong man, a skilful ruler of people, a learned statesman govern New Mexico.

We are confident that the most new-mexican citizen might have known to give their vote to the man who is thoroughly able to conduct the state across the best way to attain more education, good roads and administrate all the public affairs with honesty.

In a very few days we will know undoubtedly who is the Governor of New Mexico, but before we are learned of it we must tell that the Republican party by whose triumph we have worked, is sure of victory and we hope it may be so.

### THE WOLE TICKET OF VALENCIA COUNTY WAS ELECTED.

In despite of the efforts made by the democrats in this County the republican party succeeded in the last local election. The whole republican ticket was voted by a remarkable majority. This triumph clearly means the strength of the republican party in this County. The people may thanks God because he illuminated the valencians citizen to vote the persons who may give them a good local administration.

The following are the County Officials:

Senator for the Twelfth District—Nabor Mirabal.

Representatives First District—Narciso Francis, Jesus C. Sanchez.

District Attorney—Herry P. Owen.

County Commissioners—Manuel Sandoval, Adolfo Didier, Eugene Kempenich.

Probate Judge—Ramon B. Chavez.

County Clerk—Jesus M. Luna.

Sheriff—Placido Jaramillo.

Assessor—Abelicio Peña.

County Treasurer—Eduardo M. Otero.

Superintendent of Schools—Saturnino Baca.

County Surveyor—James C. Harvey.

### ARTIFICIAL GAS IN 1915.

The use of artificial gas as a domestic and industrial fuel is increasing. In households gas is replacing coal for cooking and to some extent for heating, and in the industries gas, mainly from by products coke ovens, is now used for raising steam and firing openhearth steel furnaces. The advantages of gas as a fuel, not the least of which are its cleanliness and its ease of control, are well known. Many small cities and towns are using gas brought by pipe lines from the larger cities where it is manufactured. The utilization of artificial gas for illuminating, however, is decreasing, mainly because of competition by electricity.

The quantity of artificial gas—oil and water gas and coal gas made at retorts and by-product coke ovens—marketed and sold in 1915 was 266,204,248,000 cubic feet, valued at \$173,832,132, according to statistics collected by C. E. Leshner, of the United States Geological Survey, Department of the Interior. This was an increase of 25 per cent in quantity and 17 per cent in value, compared with 1912, the next preceding year which the statistics of this industry were collected by the Geological Survey.

The aggregate output of coal gas in 1915 was 128,104,346,000 cubic feet, valued at \$48,882,007, an increase compared with 1912 of 43 per cent in quantity and 33 per cent in value. Water gas enriched with

oil, or carbureted water gas, is more generally used in cities than coal gas and formed about 47 per cent of the total quantity of artificial gas sold in 1915.

In California, Arizona, and Oregon nearly all the artificial gas is made from oil and in some other States there are oil-gas plants. The quantity of oil gas manufactured and sold in the United States in 1915 was an increase, compared with 1912, of 13 per cent in quantity and 12 per cent in value. The average value of oil and water gas in 1915 was 90 cents per 1,000 cubic feet, compared with 92 cents for coal gas from retorts.

It is not possible to procure complete figures showing the sale of artificial gas for various uses, for the reason that in many cities the gas for illuminating and for fuel is not metered separately. The statistics collected by the Geological Survey for 1912 showed that 47 per cent of the artificial gas sold was used for illuminating. The statistics collected for 1915 show that 30 per cent of the gas sold was used for illuminating, 48 per cent for domestic fuel, and 22 per cent for industrial fuel.

### WHAT YOU CAN DO.

The First Christian Bible School of Canton, Ohio, has given to the world an object lesson in Bible-School building. Fourteen years ago last January fewer than four hundred people of the first Christian Church met in a little church on a side street and were content with a Bible School having an average attendance of less than two hundred per Sunday. The field was regarded as particularly difficult.

When the present pastor began his labors in that church, that year, and laid before the Official Board some of his plans, he was informed that the people of Canton were conservative and would reject his methods. He believed that the church of the future is dependent upon the Bible School of today. He talked Bible School in season and out of season, secured reports of attendance and methods of doing things from the greatest and best Bible Schools of the world. He organized his forces, and he inspired the people with a desire for a bigger and a better school.

The people went to work. In the fourteen years and a half

### UNCERTAINTY SURROUNDS NOTIONAL ELECTION.

It May be Several Days Before the Country Knows Who Is the Winner.

The democrats assert that they have won the national election getting a majority over the republicans and the leaders of the G. O. P. has succeeded and we also are sure that it has been so. The United States needs general ruler of undoubted ability, a vigorous hand to put them in the place in which they have been so many years ago.

The false prosperity of the country is a menace to the peace. The cost of living daily increases and in a few months it will be impossible to live with little money.

The honor of the nation is still stained and demands to be cleaned. Humanity request to made efforts to restore the peace and order in the neighbour Republic of Mexico.

If Wilson is re-elected neither we will get a comfortable living nor our national honor will be satisfied nor the intolerable situation may be changed.

Hughes the savior of this country and the apostle of the welfare in Mexico.

None is determined than us to maintain the peace which United States now enjoy, but we are anxious to maintain such peace by a firm and courteous insistence of the rights of our citizens at home and abroad.

An American in Mexico is subject to Mexican Law, but he is an American and is still entitled to the protection of his own government in his lawful business. And is bad policy which leaves Americans helpless against the lawlessness of any country in which they have a right to do business.

The school has grown gradually until four years ago it took its place at the head of the column as having the largest average attendance through the year of and Bible School in the world. This record it still holds. Today the enrollment in the attending school is above 5400; cradle roll 710, and home department less than 100. The home de-

(Continued on 4th Page)

### Department of the Interior General Land Office Washington,

October 25, 1916.

The Secretary of the Interior has authorized the sale at public auction, at the United States land office at Las Cruces, New Mexico, on November 22, 1916, of the property known as the "Ojo Caliente Reservation," situated in Socorro County, New Mexico. It comprises five sections of land on which were situated the buildings of the agency of the former Hot Springs Reservation.

There are 3,200 acres to be sold, and the lands are reported to be valuable for grazing purposes. They contain about 20 springs, and there is considerable running water on the reservation. The city of Monticello claims certain rights by appropriation of the waters from the springs. The offering will include such rights to said springs as may be in the United States. The land is to be sold in one body to the highest bidder, who will be required to make a deposit at the time of sale equal to 20 per cent of the amount of his bid, and increase said deposit to 40 per cent within ten days thereafter, the balance to be paid in two equal annual installments.

Persons desiring information may secure the same by addressing the Register and Receiver of the United States Land Office, Las Cruces, New Mexico, or the Commissioner of the General Land Office, Washington, D. C.

### Here is Something We Can All Do.

Here is a Good Straight-From-the-Shoulder Note struck by a man in Florida, who writes us:

"Count me as one in favor of clean fiction and clean movies. I am keeping unclean literature out of my home and encouraging our local motion-picture houses to show decent pictures."

This is the right attitude and answer the question so often put:

"What can I, as an individual, do to better things?" What is what we can do: what this man is doing: what each and every one of us can do: don't buy the unclean magazine and the unclean book and don't attend the motion-picture theater that show unclean films. If we each did our part, as this man is doing his, the whole subject of the questionable book, magazine or "movie" would be instantly solved. The public is given what the public will buy: i.e. the public refuse to buy it and the supply will end. And it is up to each one of us to buy. We are only one, it is true, but we are that one!

### Dedication of the Valencia County High School

FRIDAY NOV. 10, 1916.

AT 3:00 P. M. AT GYMNASIUM.

### PROGRAM.

"America" by School children assisted by High School Band.  
"History of Schools in Valencia County" Sup't Saturnino Baca.  
"The Progress of Education" Mr. Paul P. Dalies.  
"The Origin of the County High School" Alvan N. White, Sup't of Pub. Ins.  
"Dedicatory Address" Hon. M. L. Fox, Editor Morning Journal  
"Flag Raising and Star Spangled Banner" High School Band.

### RECEPTION TO TEACHERS

FRIDAY NOVEMBER 10, AT 7:30 P. M. AT GYMNASIUM.

### PROGRAM:

Piano Solo Miss Evalyn Davidson  
My Laddie-Thayer Miss E. Ruth Zeigler  
Happy Days Mrs. C. L. Eaker  
Violin Obligato Miss Virginia Simmons  
King of the Forest am I Mr. Fred Faulkner  
Trio-Water-Nymphs-Smart Mrs. Frank Fischer.  
Virginia Simmons, and Mrs. W. Melvin Fox.  
Piano Duet-Selected Mrs. J. Becker Jr. and Miss Evalyn Davidson.

Movies Miss Virginia Simmons  
Reading-Selected Miss Edna McEldawney  
Goodbys-Tosti Mrs. Frank Fischer  
Band Selections High School Band.

All patrons of the school district are cordially invited to be present at the exercises, but are requested to not bring little children.

Se invita cordialmente a todos los protectores de las escuelas del Distrito, pero se les pide no lleven a sus hijos pequeños.